S30 NON-METALLIC PUMP TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

SERIES

STANDARD DUTY BALL VALVE PUMPS

Offering the widest range of performance and application capabilities

PERFORMANCE

SUCTION / DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

• 3" ANSI Flange or 80mm DIN Flange

CAPACITY

• 0 to 280 GPM (0 to 1060 LPM)

AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

· No-lube, no-stall design

SOLIDS-HANDLING

• Up to .75 (19 mm)

HEADS UP TO

 100 psi or 231 ft. of water (7 bar or 70 meters)

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

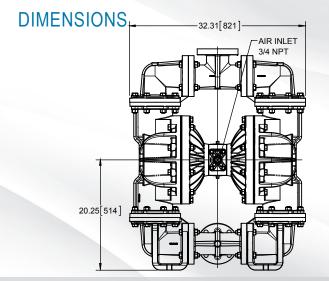
100 psi (7 bar)

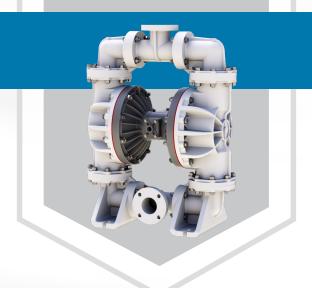
DISPLACEMENT/STROKE

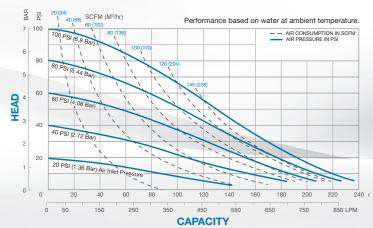
1.0 Gallon / 3.78 liter

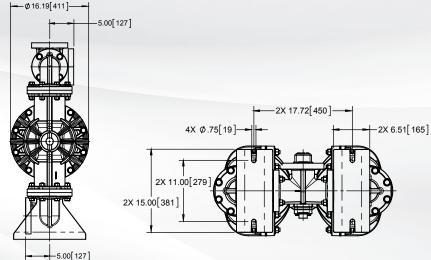
WEIGHTS

- Polypropylene 271 lbs (123 kg)
- PVDF 208 lbs (94 kg)











5 YEAR LIMITED PRODUCT WARRANTY

5 Year Guarantee for defects in material or workmanship. See sandpiperpump.com/content/warranty-certifications for complete warranty, including terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions.



USE ONLY GENUINE SANDPIPER PARTS

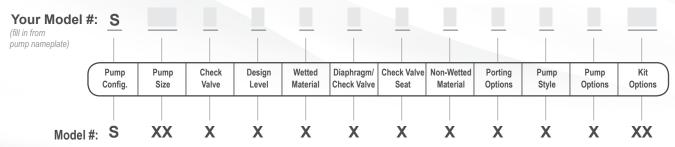
All certification, standards, guarantees & warranties originally supplied with this pump will be invalidated by the use of service parts not identified as "Genuine SANDPIPER Parts."







EXPLANATION OF PUMP NOMENCLATURE



PUMP BRAND

S SANDPIPER®

PUMP SIZE

30 3"

CHECK VALVE TYPE

B Ball

DESIGN LEVEL

3 Design Level

WETTED MATERIAL

K PVDF

P Polypropylene

DIAPHRAGM/CHECK VALVE MATERIALS

- 1 Santoprene/Santoprene
- 2 PTFE-Santoprene Backup/PTFE
- 3 PTFE Pumping, PTFE Santoprene, Backup Driver / PTFE
- Santoprene Pumping, Santoprene Driver / Santoprene
- M Santoprene/PTFE

CHECK VALVE SEAT

- **K** PVDF
- P Polypropylene

NON-WETTED MATERIAL OPTIONS

- P 40% Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 1 40% Glass Filled Polypropylene w / PTFE

Coated Hardware Porting Options

A ANSI FLANGE

- **D** DIN Flange
- 7 Dual Porting (ANSI)
- 8 Top Dual Porting (ANSI)
- 9 Bottom Dual Porting (ANSI)

PUMP STYLE

- **D** with Electronic Leak Detection (110V)
- E with Electronic Leak Detection (220V)
- M with Mechanical Leak Detection
- S Standard
- V with Visual Leak Detection

PUMP OPTIONS

0 None

KIT OPTIONS

- 00. None
- P0. 10.30VDC Pulse Output Kit
- P1. Intrinsically-Safe 5.30VDC,110/120VAC 220/240

VAC Pulse Output Kit

- P2. 110/120 or 220/240VAC Pulse Output Kit
- E0. Solenoid Kit with 24VDC Coil
- E1. Solenoid Kit with 24VDC, Explosion-Proof Coil
- E2. Solenoid Kit with 24VAC/12VDC Coil
- E3. Solenoid Kit with 12VDC, Explosion-Proof Coil
- E4. Solenoid Kit with 110VAC Coil
- E5. Solenoid Kit with 110VAC Explosion-Proof Coil
- E6. Solenoid Kit with 220VAC Coil
- E7. Solenoid Kit with 220VAC Explosion-Proof Coil
- **E8.** Solenoid Kit with 110VAC, 50 Hz Explosion-Proof Coil
- **E9.** Solenoid Kit with 230VAC, 50 Hz Explosion-Proof Coil
- SP. Stroke Indicator Pins

MATERIALS

Material Profile:	Operating Temperatures:	
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:	Max.	Min.
CONDUCTIVE ACETAL: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C
EPDM: Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C
FKM (FLUOROCARBON): Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C
HYTREL®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C
NEOPRENE : All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C
NITRILE: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C
NYLON: 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C

POLYPROPYLENE: A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists stong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
PVDF: (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
SANTOPRENE®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
UHMW PE: A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C
URETHANE: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C
VIRGIN PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C

Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

Metals:

ALLOY C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.

STAINLESS STEEL: Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

